of July 1977

Repair Manual Type 2 1st edition

SUPPL 12 Apply label

to manual page General

Subject:

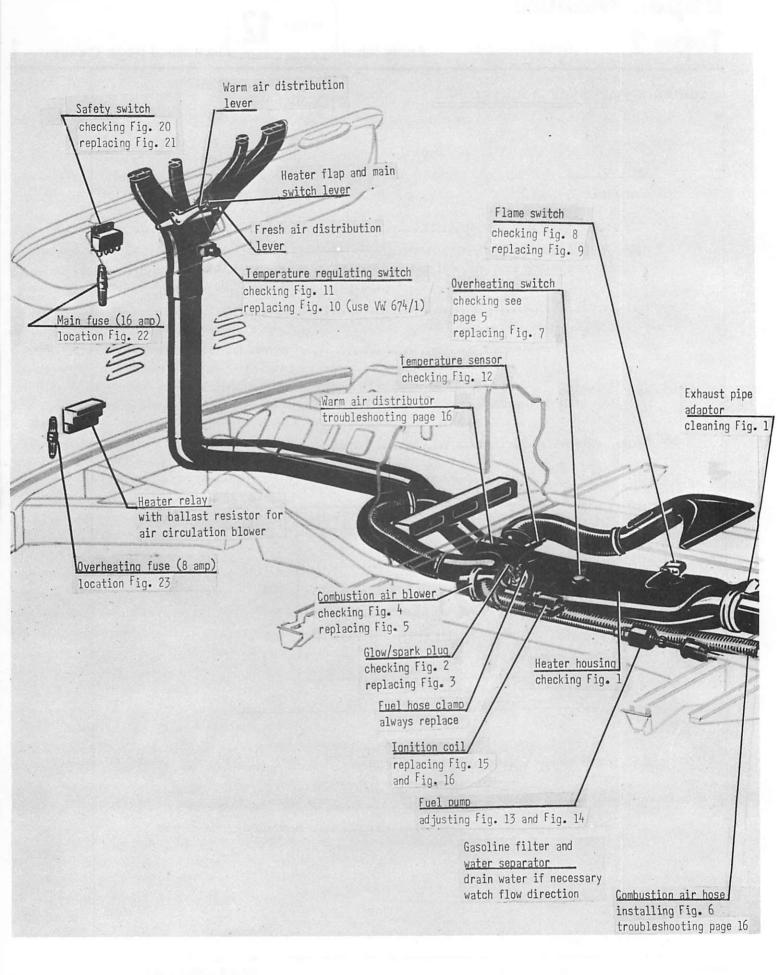
Heater booster BA6

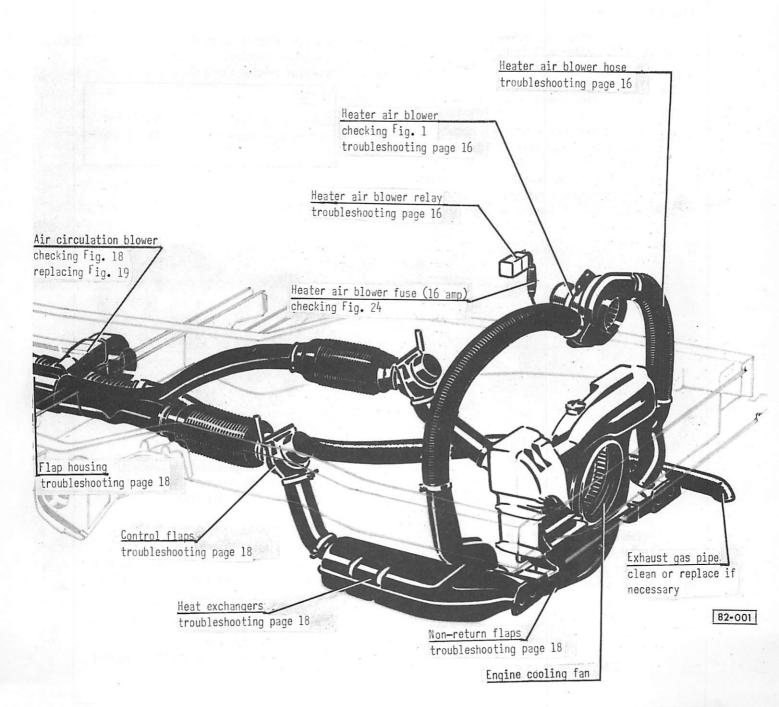
| [echnical | data |
|-----------|------|
|-----------|------|

| Heat output of BA 6 heater at | |
|--|---|
| maximum temperature setting | approx. 5100 to 5900 kcal/h (20,200 to 23,400 BTU/h) |
| of engine heating with engine at maximum speed | approx. 12,500 kcal/h (49,600 BTU/h) |
| Fuel | vehicle fuel |
| Fuel consumption | |
| at maximum temperature | approx. 1.1 to 1.3 liter/h (2.3 to 2.7 US pt/h) |
| Operating range at an ambient temperature of | 10 - 14 volts - 40° to + 20°C (- 40° to + 68°F) |
| Nominal voltage | 12 volts |

| Power | consumption in various operating conditions (in watts) | approx. |
|-------|---|---------|
| Power | consumption when vehicle is in motion: | |
| | during start—up with engine running fast | 300 |
| | during start—up with engine running slowly | 400 |
| | when heating with engine running fast | 160 |
| | when heating with rengine running slowly | 260 |
| Power | consumption when engine is not running: | |
| | during start—up | 240 |
| | when heating | 100 |

| CO content in exhaust gas over entire operating range | |
|---|---------------------------|
| (except start—up) | less than 0.2% of volume |
| Start—up time (glow time of glow/spark plug) | less than 70 seconds |
| Ràn—on time | approx. 80 to 160 seconds |





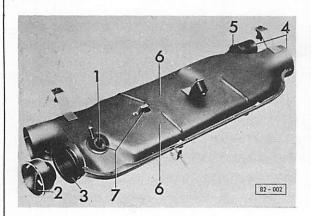


Fig. 1 Heater booster, checking

- 1 glow/spark plug adaptor if carbonfouled clean with toothbrush
- 2 combustion air blower vane housing if burned replace
- 3 combustion chamber if carbonfouled clean
- 4 fresh air inlet if dirty clean
- 5 exhaust pipe adaptor if tar-like deposits are noticeable replace
- 6 heater booster housing if distorted by overheating replace
- 7 gaskets if damaged by overheating replace

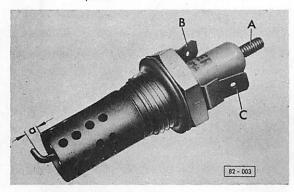


Fig. 2 Glow/spark plug, checking

- A high tension terminal
- B glow element terminal
- C ground terminal

electrode gap "a": 2.5 mm (3/32 in.)

voltage

: 12 volt

resistance

: 4 - 6 k

current draw of : 10.2 amps

glow element

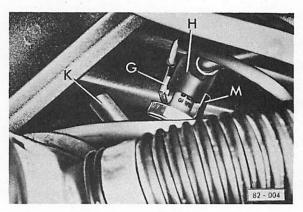


Fig. 3 Glow/spark plug, replacing

- K fuel connection
- G glow element terminal
- M ground terminal
- H high tension terminal

CAUTION

Connectors of terminals G and M must not contact plug connector H as this may cause ignition trouble

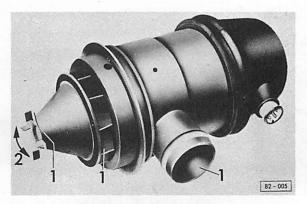


Fig. 4 Combustion air blower, checking

- check for damage caused by overheating (1)
- check for free movement by blower bearing
 (2) turn in both directions

Note

Fuel is injected by pump every 33 rd revolution of blower shaft. Each injection stroke can be detected by a ticking noise from pump

Number of pump strokes X 33 = speed

speed: 6400 - 7000 rpm

(at 12 volts after running for 10 minutes)

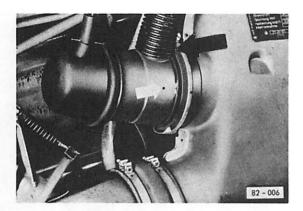


Fig. 5 Combustion air blower, installing

 condensate drain hole in housing must be at bottom (white arrow)

CAUTION

Combustion air hose must fit tightly on blower (black arrow in Fig. 5) and in frame cross member (arrow) Fig. 6

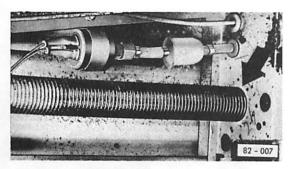


Fig. 6 Combustion air hose, installing

Overheating switch, checking (switch installed)

Work sequence



- turn heater on (engine not running)
- heater must start working within 70 seconds



- disconnect air circulation blower
- measure elapsed time when blower is disconnected and until fuel pump stops ticking (overheating fuse blown)
- elapsed time should be 60 to 140 seconds

if yes - overheating switch is OK (replace fuse)

if no - replace overheating switch and fuse

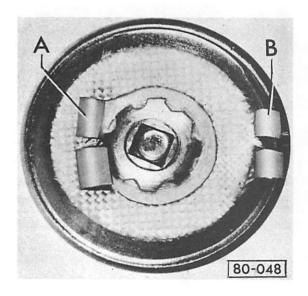


Fig. 7 Overheating switch, replacing

- crimp green wire to terminal A
- crimp brown wire to terminal B
- solder wires (use rosin-core solder)

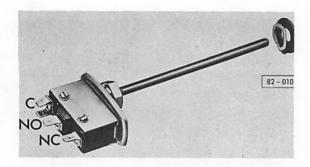


Fig. 8 Flame switch, checking

C = common

NO = normally open

NC = normally closed

operation time:

within 70 seconds at 20°C/68°F

run-on time:

between 80 and 160 seconds at 20°C/68°F (see current flow diagram on page 82.10 and operating principles)

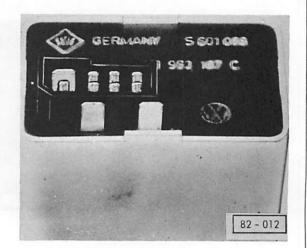


Fig. 10 Temperature regulating switch, replacing

CAUTION

Disconnect battery ground strap before starting to work

 do not interchange wires of terminals 31 and K (outside of multi-pin connector) as this will cause short circuit in switch

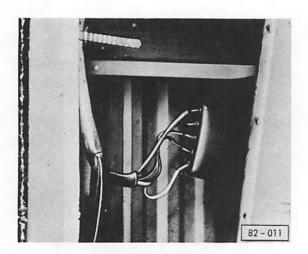


Fig. 9 Flame switch, replacing

- pull rubber grommet off carefully
- remove union nut and pull switch

CAUTION

Do not bend sensor tube

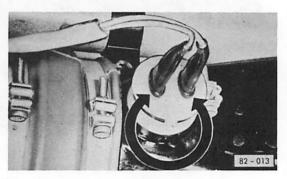


Fig. 11 Temperature sensor, checking regulating operations (regulating switch installed)

- turn heater on
- disconnect either wire to temperature sensor (very briefly or overheating switch will operate)
- fuel pump should continue to run
- if yes temperature regulation OK
- if no replace temperature regulating switch
 - bridge temperature sensor terminals
 - fuel pump should stop running
- if yes temperature regulation OK
- if no replace temperature regulating switch
 - if temperature regulation is still not correct, check temperature sensor

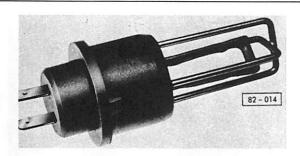


Fig. 12 Temperature sensor, checking

- place in warm water (60°C/140°F) resistance: 3.5 to 5 k

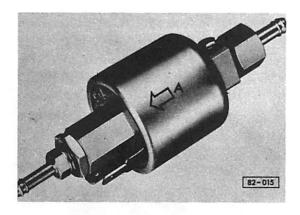


Fig. 13 Fuel pump, checking (pump installed)

arrow A = direction of fuel flow

- remove hose on pressure side of pump
- connect a piece of hose to pump and hold into measuring glass
- turn on heater
- check amount of fuel in measuring glass after 200 strokes of pump

amount: 18.4 to 21.7 cm³

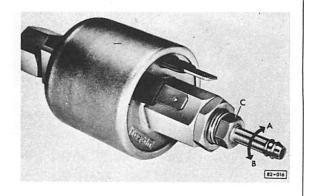


Fig. 14 Fuel pump, adjusting

to increase amount of delivery: turn hose adaptor (c) in direction of arrow B

to decrease amount of delivery:
turn hose adaptor (c) in direction of
arrow A

 lock and seal with paint after adjustment

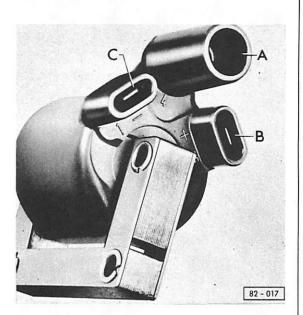


Fig. 15 Ignition coil, replacing

A - high tension connection

B - terminal 15

C - terminal 1

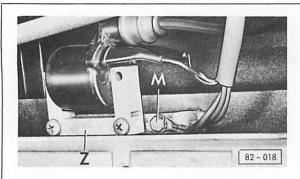


Fig. 16 Ignition coil, replacing

Z - ignition coil

 ${\sf M}$ — ground connection

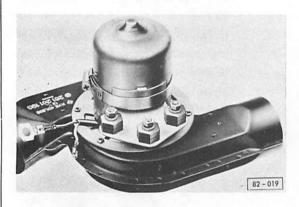


Fig. 17 Heater air blower, checking (blower installed)

current draw: 6 - 7 amps with engine idling

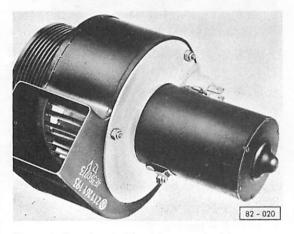


Fig. 18 Air circulation blower, checking (blower installed)

current draw:
(engine not running)
lst stage: 3.2 to 3.7 amps

(with 1Ω series resistance)

2nd stage: 6.8 to 7.2 amps

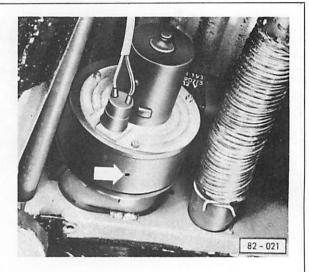


Fig. 19 Air circulation blower, replacing

 condensate drain hole (arrow) must be at bottom

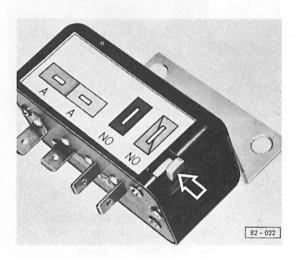


Fig. 20 Safety switch, checking (switch removed)

- connect ohmmeter to terminals A

- apply 12 volts to terminals NO

 measure elapsed time when voltage is applied until contact is interrupted at terminals A

switch response time: 150 to 230 seconds at 20°C/68°F

Note

If safety switch has operated within required time, press reset lever in direction of arrow

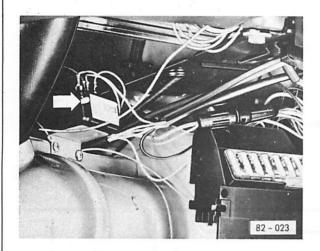


Fig. 21 Safety switch (arrow), replacing
- disconnect battery ground strap

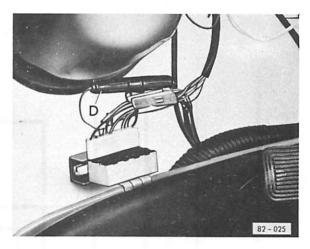


Fig. 23 Overheating fuse, location

D - inline fuse - 8 amps (green wiring)

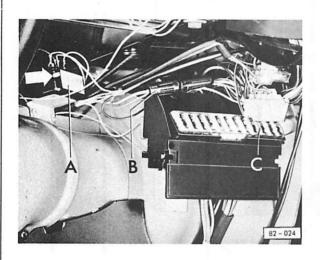


Fig. 22 Safety switch/main fuse/fuse box, location

A - safety switch (arrow)
B - inline fuse - 16 amps

C - fuse No.10 in fuse box - 16 amps

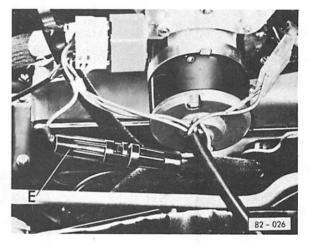
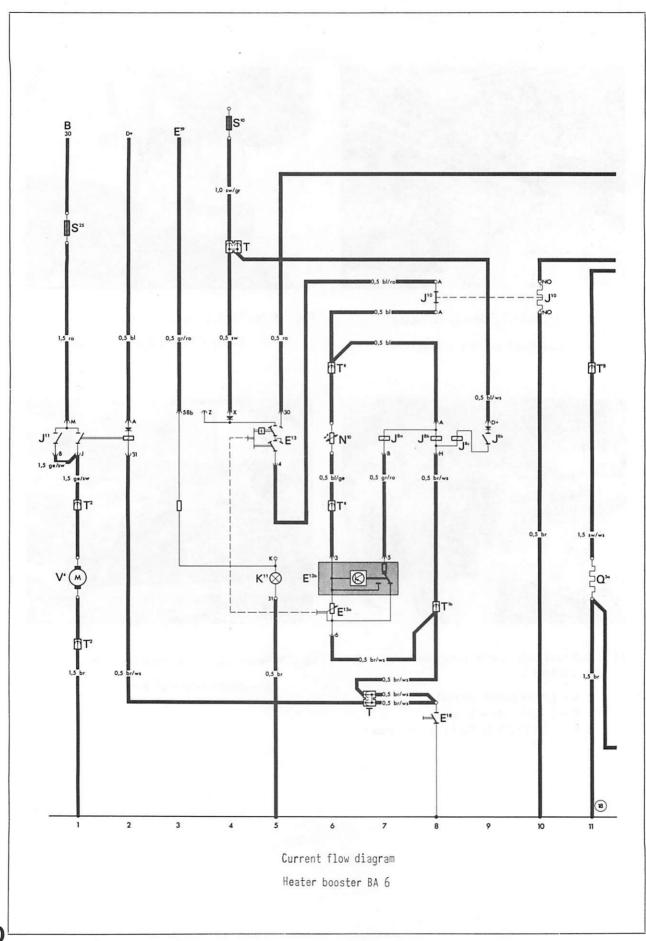


Fig. 24 Heater air blower fuse, location
E - inline fuse - 16 amps



10

| | Description curr | ent track |
|--|---|-----------|
| | B - to starter terminal 30 | |
| | D+ - to voltage regulator | 2 |
| | Ela — Terminal 58b remains vacant | 3 |
| | | , |
| 2,5 ro | E13 - Temperature regulating switch | - |
| | (switch part) | 5 |
| Ås" Ås' | El3a — Temperature regulating switch | |
| gs" gs' | (regulating part) | 6 |
| ° | El3b — Temperature regulating switch | |
| 2,5 ro | (electronic circuit) | 6,7 |
| | El6 - Main switch | 8 |
| | F16 - Flame switch | 14 |
| | F17 - Overheating switch | 17 |
| | _ | 16 |
| 0,5 b//gr | G6 - Fuel pump | |
| e E | J8a - Relay | 7,14,16 |
| J*\ [⊥] \ [⊥] J*\ \ [⊥] j*\ | J8b — Relay | 8,9,15 |
| I, | J8c - Relay | 8,15 |
| 1,5 ro | J10 - Safety switch | 8,10 |
| 1.5 sw | Jll - Relay for heater air blower | 1,2 |
| [| Kll — Warning light | 5 |
| ኮ∄∄ኮ | N10 - Temperature sensor | 6 |
| 1,5 ro | N11 - Ignition coil | 13 |
| 1,5 sw 1,5 gn | Ol - Breaker contact in combustion air | 13 |
| | | 1) |
| NOO ONC, 5 00 TG | blower for ignition coil | 1/ |
| ₣ ▘ ᡮᢩ≕ᢆ┛∰ᠯᠯ▘║┆╏᠉ | 02 - Breaker contact in combustion air | 16 |
| 1,5 ge K | blower for fuel pump | |
| 1.5 gn | Q5a — Glow spark plug — Glow element | 11 |
| | Q5b — Glow spark plug — Electrode | 12 |
| ים מו מוי מוי מו | S9 - Fuse No. 9 in fuse box | 16 |
| ₩ | S10 - Fuse No. 10 in fuse box | 4 |
| 1,0 sw/ws0 sw/ro 1,5 sw/go ∰T ⁴ 1,5 gn | S17 - Overheating fuse - 8 amps | |
| | (separate fuse) | 16 |
| | S23 - Main fuse - 16 amps (separate fuse) | 15 |
| N" | S25 - Fuse - 16 amps for heater air | 1/ |
| | blower | 1 |
| | • | 1 |
| | T - Wire connector (under dashboard) | 4,7 |
| | Tlb - Wire connector, single | |
| ₫ ™ ₫ ™ | (under dashboard) | 8 |
| | T2 - Wire connector, double (on heater | |
| 1,0 sw/ge 1,0 br 1,5 br 1.0 gn 1,5 br | air blower | 1 |
| | T4 — Connector on combustion air blower | 13,14,16 |
| Ĭ ┌┩O' | T8 - Connector, 8 point | 6,11,14, |
| | V4 - Heater air blower | 1 |
| | V6 - Combustion air blower | 14 |
| 1,0 br | | |
| | V10 - Air circulation blower | 15 |
| | (18) - Heater ground on coil bracket | 11,15,17 |
| | | |
| ®B | Color code | |
| 12 13 14 15 16 17 82-161 | bl = blue | |
| - 2 17 5 6 10 1 | br = brown | |
| | ge = yellow | |
| | gn = green | |
| | gr = gray | |
| | ro = red | |
| | sw = black | |
| • | | |
| | ws = white | |

11

```
Heater operation sequence:
- turn heater on
- heater start-up
- heating
- temperature regulation
- overheating switch
- safety switch
- turn heater off
- heater run-on
Turn heater on
a - Start vehicle engine and run it at 2000 rpm
             check for voltage at:
                    terminal D+ on regulator
                             relay for heater air blower (J 11) activates
                             heater air blower (V 4), starts to deliver air
b - Press main switch lever (E 16) down fully. Control flaps are opened. Engine heating starts
c - Furn on temperature regulating switch (E 13) and set heat. Warning light (K 11) lights up and
    heater starts operating
Heater start up
        Heater ignites within 70 seconds if air drawn in is at room temperature.
        Start—up process is terminated by flame switch (F 16)
           check for voltages at:
                    terminal 30 and 4 of temperature regulation switch (E 13)
                    terminals A-A of safety switch (J 10)
                             relay (J 8) operates contacts E-G and E-K
                    terminals of fuse ($ 23) 16 amp
                    terminals E-K of relay (J 8b)
                             air circulation blower (V 10) starts operating
                             series resistance for air circulation blower (V 10) in relay reduces
                             output when there is no voltage at terminal D+ on relay. This is the
                             case when engine is running (voltage at terminal X on temperature
                             regulating switch). Resistance in relay is bridged by relay contact
                             (J 8 c) when there is voltage at terminal D+ on relay
                    terminal C of flame switch (F 16)
                             combustion air blower (V 6) starts operating
                    terminal 15 of ignition coil (N 11)
                            at every revolution of combustion air blower (V 6) ignition
                            coil (N 11) receives an impulse via breaker contacts (0 1)
           check for no or low voltage at:
                   main switch (E 16)
                   terminals 6-5 of temperature regulating switch (E 13b) - about 3 volts
                   terminal B of relay (J 8a) - about 3 volts
                          relay (J 8a) operates contacts E-F and C-D
```

```
glow element of glow/spark plug (Q 5a) is energized. It warms
                                   fuel/air mixture to make it readily combustible. It is then ignited
                                   by sparks from glow/spark plug (Q 5b)
                             overheating fuse ($ 17) 8 amps
                                    fuel pump (G 6) starts to deliver fuel. At every 33 rd revolution
                                    of combustion air blower (V 6) fuel pump (G 6) receives an
                                    impulse via breaker contacts (0 2)
When heater has ignited and warmed up, flame switch (F 16) operates contact
C-NC. This ends start-up process
                    following are de-energized:
                             terminal NO of flame switch (F 16)
                                    glow element of glow/spark plug (Q 5a) is de-energized
                                    safety switch (J 10) is out of action
Temperature regulation
During regulation there are two voltages at terminal 5 of temperature regulating switch (E 13b). These
voltages are controlled by temperature selection via electronic circuitry (E 13b) and temperature
sensor (N 10). When heater reaches high heat output, temperature sensor (N 10) records a high
temperature and temperature regulating switch (E 13b) indicates a high voltage at terminal 5 as
switching value for relay (J 8a)
                    check for voltage at:
                             contact 5 of temperature regulating switch (E 13b)
                             contact B of relay (J 8a)
                                     relay separates contacts E-F and D-C
                    following are de-energized:
                             contact F of relay (J 8a)
                             contacts of fuse (S 17)
                                       fuel pump stops delivering fuel and combustion stops as
                                       heat exchanger cools down. Before flame switch sensor tube
                                       can cool off sufficiently to close contacts C-NO (less than
                                       2 minutes) temperature sensor (N 10) registers lowered
                                       temperature and switches on heater
                    check for no or low voltage at:
                             contact 5 of temperature regulating switch (E 13b) - about 3 volts
                              contact B of relay (J 8a) - about 3 volts
                                       relay (J 8a) connects contacts E-F and D-C
                    check for voltage at:
                              terminal F of relay (J 8a)
```

fuel pump (G 6) starts delivering fuel

check for voltage at:

Heating

terminal NO of flame switch (F 16)

Overheating switch

If heater should overheat, overheating switch (F 17) closes and causes a short circuit which blows 8 amp fuse (S 17).

Overheating switch (F 17) operates if insufficient air is flowing past heat exchanger or temperature regulating switch (E 13b) does not regulate

this de-energizes:

terminal of fuel pump (G 8)
flame goes out and run—on starts

Safety switch

Safety switch (J 10) operates when flame switch (F 16) holds contacts C-NO longer than approximately two to four minutes (because combustion has not taken place in heater), re-ignition has not taken place after regulation, or because flame switch (F 16) is defective.

check for voltage at:

terminals C-NO of flame switch (F 16)

terminals D-C of relay (J 8a)

glow element of safety switch (J 10) heats up for about two to four minutes and contact connection A-A is interrupted

following are de-energized:

terminal A of relay (J 8)

all connections in relay (J 8) are interrupted

terminal G of relay (J 8)

terminal K of relay (J 8)

combustion air blower (V 6) stops ignition coil (N 11) is de-energized

air circulation blower (V 10) stops

terminal F to relay (J 8)

fuel pump (G 6) stops working

Turning heater off

Turn knob of temperature regulating switch (E 13) back to stop position. Press main switch (E 16) up to open ground contact

following is de-energized:

terminal (4) on temperature regulating switch (E 13b)

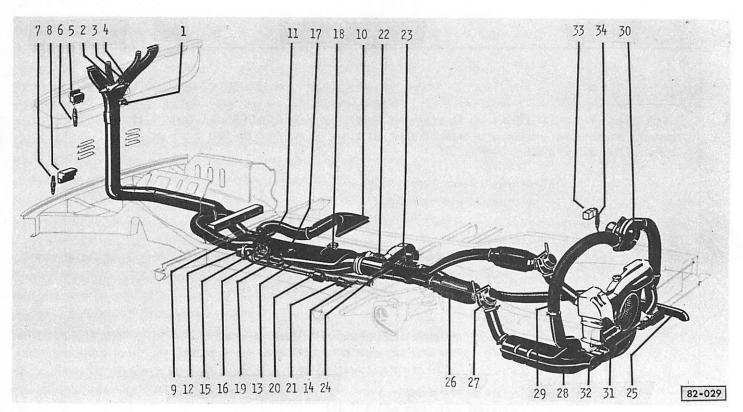
terminal A on relay (J 8)

all connections in relay (J 8) are interrupted

Heater run-on

Run—on lasts for about 80—160 seconds at an ambient temperature of 20 C (68 F) and is shorter at lower temperatures. Run—on is necessary in order to clear all traces of gas from the heat exchanger and cool it down. Flame switch limits run—on period

```
following is de-energized:
        terminal F of relay (J 8a)
                 fuel pump (G 6) stops working
check for voltage at:
        terminals of fuse (S 23) 16 amps
        terminals NC-C of flame switch (F 16)
                 combustion air blower (V 6) delivers air
        terminal G of relay (J 8)
        terminal K of relay (J 8)
                 air circulation blower (V 10) delivers air.
                 When heat exchanger has cooled down, flame switch
                 (F 16) operates contacts C-NO
following are de-energized:
        terminal C of flame switch (F 16)
        terminal K of relay (J 8c)
                 air circulation blower (V 10) and combustion air blower (V 6)
                 are de-energized and run-on is finished
```



| Trouble | Operating conditions |
|---|--|
| 10th fuse in fuse box blown | Engine running; main swi Temperature regulating s |
| Separate 16 Amp. fuse for heater air blower (34) blown | Main switch on (lever 3 |
| Main fuse (6) blown | Main switch on (lever 3) Temperature regulating s |
| Safety switch (5) activated | Main switch on (lever 3) Temperature regulating s |
| Overheating switch (17) and 8 Amp. fuse have operated | Main switch on (lever 3) Temperature regulating s |
| Heater does not run—on | Heater and engine turned |
| Air circulation blower does not run at two speeds | Main switch on(lever 3); switch (1) on; ignition |
| Heat output inadequate and/or heater uses too much fuel | Engine running; heater t |
| Air circulation (23) and combustion air blower (12) continue to run after run—on period although heater is turned off | Engine running; main swi Temperature regulating s |
| Heater air blower (3) continues to run | Heater and engine just t |
| Heater smokes | Main switch on (lever 3) Temperature regulating s |

Symbols denote degree of trouble probability

O = Highly probable

 \triangle = Not so probable

 \square = Seldom

witch on (lever 3) switch (1) on

3); engine running

switch (1) on

switch (1) on

switch (1) on

ed off

;temperature regulating turned on and off

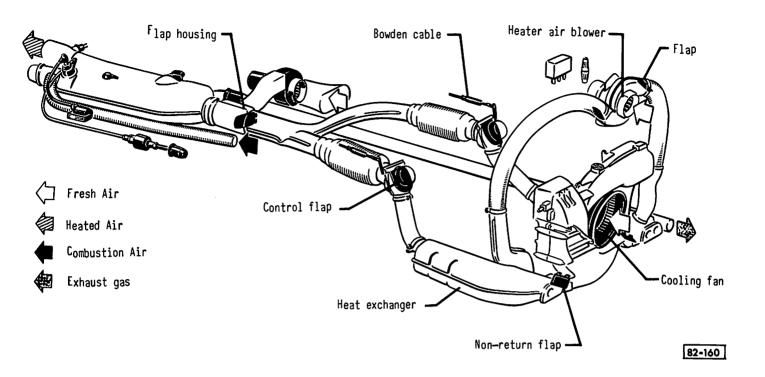
turned on

itch on (lever 3) switch (1) just turned off

turned off

switch (1) on

| Γ | | Ī | | ٦ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-----------|----------------|-------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | see bade | 2,6 | 2 | 2.8 | 2,9 | 3,9,18 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2,7 | 4,5 | 2,4 | 2,5 | 2,5 | 2,4 | 2,5 | 2,6 | 2,7,8 | 2,7 | 2 | 5,4 | 3,8 | 3,18 | 3 | 3 | 3,18 | 3,18 | 3 | 3,18 | 3,18 | 3 | 3,9 |
| | Trouble caused by | l — Temperature regulating switch | 3 - Lever for flaps and ground (main switch) | 5 — Safety switch | 6 - Main fuse (16 amp) | 7 - Overheating fuse (8 amp) | 8 — Heater relay | 9 – Warm air distributor blocked | .10 — Warm air vent blocked | 11 — Temperature sensor | 12 — Combustion air blower | 13 — Heater housing | 14 — Combustion air hose | 15 — Glow∕spark plug | 16 - Fuel connection | 17 — Overheating switch | 18 - Flame switch | 19 - Coil | 20 - Fuel pump | 21 - Filter | 22 — Exhaust pipe adapter | 23 - Air circulation blower | 24 — Flap housing | 25 - Exhaust pipe | 26 — Warm air hose | 27 — Control flap | 28 - Heat exchanger | 29 - Heater air hose | 30 — Heater air blower | 32 - Non-return flaps | 33 - Relay for heater air blower | 34 - Fuse for heater air blower |
| | | 0 | | | | | Δ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | 0 |
| | | | | _ | _ | | | | | | | - | | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | - | + | _ |
| | | | - | | 0 | _ | | | | | 0 | | | 0 | | Δ | | | | | | Δ | | | | | | | | | _ | |
| | | Δ | | | | 0 | | | | □ | Δ | Δ | Δ | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | | Δ | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | | | | | | | | |
| | | 0 | | | | 0 | | | | Δ | | | | ' | | Δ | | | | | | Δ | Δ | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | _ |
| | | | _ | _ | _ | _ | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | ^ | | | | |
| • | | | 0 | | - | | Δ | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | 0 | 0 | Δ | Δ | 4 | Δ | | 의 |
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| Complaint | Check for | Possible cause | Correction |
|---|---|--|---|
| Excessive fuel consumption (heater makes up for lack of heat from engine) | Air from heater air blower escaping through cooling fan duct (engine idling) | Engine fan flaps do not close | Replace cooling fan non—return flaps |
| | Air from cooling fan escaping through heater air blower | Heater air blower flaps broken | Replace housing and flaps for heater air blower |
| | Warm air escaping through control flaps | Control flap cables not adjusted | Adjust control flap cables |
| | Warm air escaping | Heat exhangers rusted | Replace heat exchangers |
| Overheating fuse (8 amp) blows | Lack of warm air (when vehicle engine is not running) | Flap in housing stops air flow from air circulation blower | Replace flap housing |